

Belfast Local Development Plan

Employment

Monitor Report 2024/25





1	Introduction	1
2	Methodology	1
3	Limitations	2
4	Overview	3
4.1	Belfast LGD overview 01 April 2024- 31 March 2025	3
4.2	Belfast LGD extant and under construction overview	3
4.3	Belfast LGD extant and under construction overview	3
4.4	Belfast LGD completions (gains) and remaining capacity by location	4
4.5	Belfast LGD completions (losses) and remaining potential losses by location	4
4.6	Mixed use sites remaining capacity	4
5	Summary tables	5
	Appendix A: Summary Methodology	15

1 Introduction

As part of the preparation of a new Local Development Plan (LDP) for Belfast, the Strategic Planning Policy Statement (SPPS) for NI (September 2015) states that "a system to monitor the take up and loss of land allocated for economic development purposes should be implemented."

The primary purpose of the employment monitor is to inform the formulation of the council's new LDP. However, it will also help the council identify and track changes in the potential land supply across the city.

The information collated will allow a clear view of the overall progress in meeting the employment objectives of the emerging development plan and in identifying issues likely to require intervention.

The Planning Act (NI) 2011 requires the council to make an annual report to the Department for Infrastructure outlining the extent to which the objectives set out in the LDP are being achieved. Although the new plan is not yet adopted it is still important to report on the availability and take-up of employment land in advance of the full LDP adoption.

2 Methodology

This section will explain the data collection methods used to analyse employment land availability within the district. It provides information relating to employment land data between 01 April 2024 and 31 March 2025. An analysis has been undertaken of all new sites with planning approvals within the periods stated above. The survey identifies and records sites that have been completed, sites that are currently under construction and sites with outstanding planning permission, yet to be implemented. Any existing employment land which was lost to non-employment uses during the monitoring year has also been recorded. Sites identified for the purposes of this report are those that fall within Class B of the Use Classes Order. These are defined as:

Class B1a	General offices			
Class B1b	Call centres			
Class B1c	Research and development			
B2	Light industry			
В3	General industry			
B4	Storage and Distribution			

The methodology has been revised since the publication of the last report to allow for more accurate reporting which removes the risk of double counting yields where there is more than one extant approval on a site. The monitor also captures instances where there is a loss and a gain of employment floorspace as part of the same proposal.

The process followed to produce the employment land monitor is summarised at Appendix A.

The Monitor presents a register of potential employment land, based on current planning policy designations and planning permissions¹. It is the role of an Urban Capacity Study (UCS) and the Employment Land Review which will be undertaken from time to time, to assess the suitability, availability and achievability of monitored sites to contribute to a viable supply of land.

3 Limitations

The figures included in this document do not include all development. It should therefore be assumed that some refurbishments and other permitted development have been developed and are not included in this document as there is no requirement for such works to be subject to the planning process. Where there has been an application permitted which includes intensification of an existing employment site, i.e. an extension or additional floor to existing employment building, only net additional floorspace is recorded as the site area already exists and would be misrepresentative.

It must also be recognised that the site area for planning applications expressed in hectares has been reduced in some instances to reflect only the site and not the access arrangements as this would have the potential to give misleading results. In a small number of schemes, the floorspace figures were not readily available and estimates of the floorspace gained or lost has been provided based on the existing building footprint and the number of storeys. Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this report may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

¹ For the purposes of the employment monitor, the draft Belfast Metropolitan Area Plan (BMAP) 2015 is utilised rather than the former Belfast Urban Area Plan (BUAP) 2001. The adopted BMAP was quashed as a result of a judgement in the Court of Appeal delivered on 18 May 2017 and, although this means the BUAP is now the statutory development plan for the area, the draft BMAP, in its most recent, pre-examination, form remains a significant material consideration in future planning decisions. Draft BMAP therefore refers to that which was purported to be adopted and not the pre-examination draft published in 2004.

4 Overview

The following summary tables detail the uptake and loss of employment space for the monitoring period (01 April 2024-31 March 2025). The position at the 31 March 2025 in terms of the remaining supply of vacant employment land and as well as committed floorspace gains through extant planning permission for B use classes balanced against committed losses (extant planning permission for alternative uses) for Belfast district is also included.

4.1 Belfast LGD overview 01 April 2024 - 31 March 2025

Table 1 provides a breakdown for the completed gains and losses in employment land over the monitoring year period of 01 April 2024 to 31 March 2025. The total amount of floorspace completed was 18,176m². The majority of this was in use class B1(a) general offices. The total amount of completed employment floorspace lost to non- employment uses over the monitoring period was 3,134m². The net change between completed losses and gains was +15,042m².

4.2 Belfast LGD extant and under construction overview

Table 2 and Figure 1 set out the completions (gains and losses) across four monitor periods (2021/22, 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/25) to give an indication of the annual average and the net changes across a greater time period.

4.3 Belfast LGD extant and under construction overview

Table 3 provides overall totals for schemes where development is on-going and where planning permission remains extant on 31 March 2025. Under construction schemes at the 31 March 2025 have the potential to deliver approximately 36,836m² of new floorspace. The completion of all schemes yet to start has the potential to deliver approximately 531,977m² of new employment floorspace. Further analysis of the extant permissions demonstrates that approximately 397,000m² consist of B1(a) general offices.

4.4 Belfast LGD completions (gains) and remaining capacity by location

Table 4 and Figure 2 set out the completions (gains) by location over the period 01 April 2021 to 31 March 2025. It also sets out the remaining capacity by way of extant planning permissions for employment use by location and areas of developable land

within existing employment locations (that is, land where there is no development under construction or that does not have an extant planning consent). In line with best practice a 40% building to plot ratio was applied to these areas to reflect the servicing, parking and landscaping requirements. As of the 31 March 2025 there is approximately 240,992m² of vacant land suitable for employment purposes.

4.5 Belfast LGD completions (losses) and remaining potential losses by location

Table 5 outlines the completed (losses) by location over the period 01 April 2021 to 31 March 2025. It also sets out the remaining potential losses of employment uses to non-employment uses if all extant planning permissions are realised. These extant planning permissions are located mostly within the city centre and the rest of the city.

4.6 Mixed use sites remaining capacity

There are four sites zoned for mixed use in draft BMAP (table 6). The yields for Titanic Quarter (BHA01) and Lands at Monagh By-Pass / Upper Springfield Road (BT 002) are captured in table 2 as they consist of extant planning permissions or development under construction. The yields on the remaining two mixed use zonings have been captured from their respective masterplans.

5 Summary tables

Table 1: Completions for monitor period 01 April 2024 to 31 March 2025

	Office	e (B1A)	Call co	entres IB)	R & D	(B1C)		industry B2)	Gen Indust	eral ry (B3)	Distr	rage & ibution B4)	То	tal
	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2
Completed (gains) 01/04/2024- 31/03/2025	0.8	11,315	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	594	0.0	0.0	1.6	6,267	2.8	18,176
Completed (losses) 01/04/2024- 31/03/2025	0.0	603	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	2,531	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	3,134
Net Change	0.8	10,712	0	0	0	0	-0.2	-1,937	0.01	0	1.62	6,267	2.3	15,042

Table 2: Completions across three monitor periods, from 01 April 2021 to 31 March 2025

	Offic	e (B1A)		entres IB)	R & D	(B1C)		ndustry 2)	Gen Indust		Distri	age & bution 34)	To	otal
	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2
Completed (gains) 01/04/2021- 31/03/2025	9.4	87,730	0.0	0.0	1.6	11,714	4.3	10,350	0.0	0.0	3.8	10,551	19.1	120,345
Annual Average	4.7	43,865	0.0	0.0	0.8	5,857	2.1	5,175	0.0	0.0	1.9	5,276	9.5	60,172
Completed (losses) 01/04/2021- 31/03/2025	0.8	10,574	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.5	2,531	0.0	0.0	0.1	1,210	1.4	14,315
Annual Average	0.4	5,287	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.2	1,266	0.0	0.0	0.1	605	0.7	7,158
Net Change	8.6	77,156	0.0	0.0	1.6	11,714	3.8	7,819	0.0	0.0	3.7	9,341	17.7	106,030

Figure 1: Completions by Use Classes across three monitor periods from 2022/23 to 2024/25 (m²)

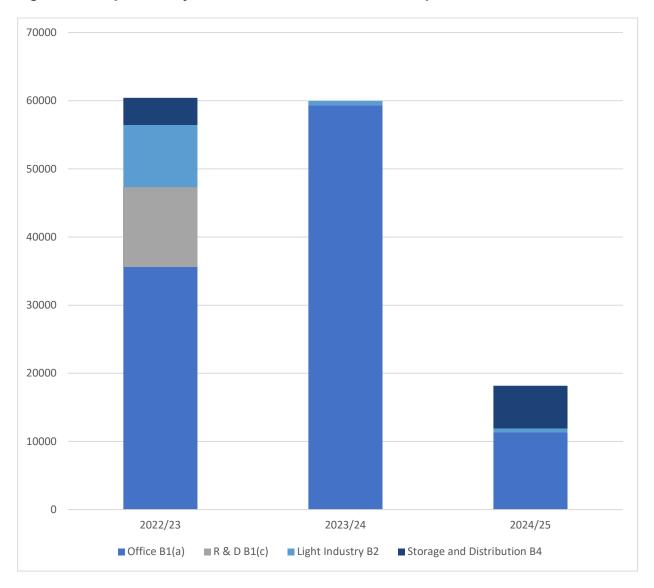


Figure 2: Completions (gains) by location across monitor periods 2022-23 to 2024-25 (%)

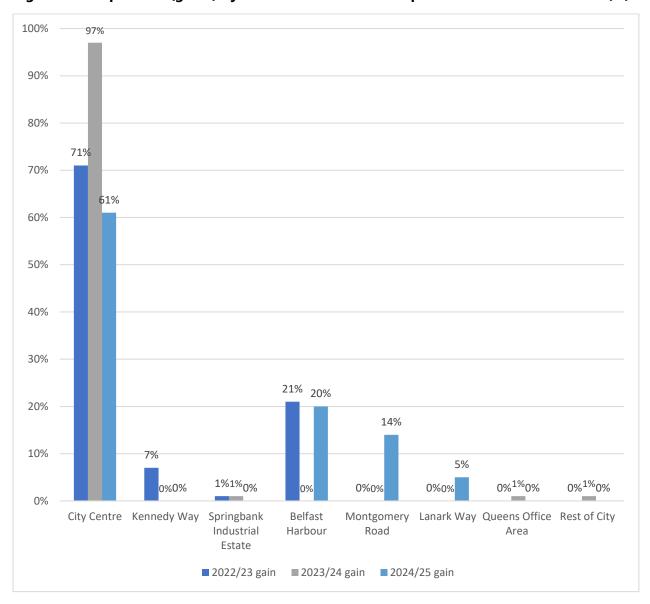


Table 3: Development under construction, extant permission (gain and losses)

	Office	e (B1A)		entres 1B)	R & C) (B1C)		industry B2)		neral try (B3)	Stora Distrik (B			ant yment nd	To	otal
	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2	Area (Ha)	m2
Developme nt on-going gains at 31/03/25	6.90	20,661	2.85	6873	0.0	0.0	2.33	8,119	0.0	0.0	3.85	1,183	*	*	16	36,836
Not started gains - Full & Outline at 31/03/25	100.29	397,000	15.6	1,306	12.61	23,661	17.1	44,235	42.79	32,735	23.97	33,040	*	*	212	531,977
Sub-total	107.19	417,661	18.45	8,179	12.61	23,661	19.46	52,353	42.79	32,735	27.82	34,223	*	*	228	568,812
Losses not started at 31/03/25	6.41	39,057	0.13	1,868	0.12	381	2.35	8,346	2.9	11,779	11.05	27,591	0	0	23	89,022
Net Total	101	378,604	18	6,311	12	23,280	17	44,007	39.89	20,956	16.77	6,632	0.00	0.00	205	479,791

^{*}For vacant employment land not covered by an existing planning consent please refer to table 4.

Table 4: Completions (gains) and remaining capacity by location

		Completio	ns (Gains)	Remaining	Capacity
Ref No	Location	01-04-2024 to 31-03-2025	01-04-2023 to 31-03-2024	Remaining potential from extant permissions and under construction	Remaining potential from vacant developable land
СС	City Cente	11,169	57,949	32,5015	*
ML 08	Kilwee Industrial Estate, Dunmurry	0	0	0	811
BT 005/05	Hillview Road	0	0	3,543	1,416
BT 005/19	Ballygomartin Industrial Estate, Ballygomartin Road	0	0	862	374
BT 005/10	Glenbank Business Park, Crumlin Road	0	0	0	11,988
BT 005/25	North Howard Link	0	0	0	*
BT 005/15	Kennedy Way	0	0	3,859	*
BT 005/04	Castlereagh Road	0	0	0	2,423
MCH 09	Prince Regent Road	0	0	5,243	3,332
ML 07	Springbank Industrial Estate	0	798	3,017	35,199
BT 005/13	Ravenhill Business Park	0	0	0	*
BT 005/09	Shore Road/Skegioneill Street	0	0	0	629
BT 004	Land At Springfield Road (Former Mackie's Site)	0	0	0	65,122
BT 005/11	Donegall Road	0	0	0	*
BT 005/08	Duncairn Gardens	0	0	1,618	342
BHA 06	Belfast Harbour	3,716	0	53,713	101,745
BT 005/17	Westlink Enterprise Centre, Distillery Street	0	0	0	1,281
MCH 10	Montgomery Road	2,551	0	11,866	*
BT 005/20	Lanark Way	740	0	448	641
BT 005/07	York Road Including Jennymount Business Park	0	0	563	*

		Remaining	Capacity	764,	952
	Total	18,176	59,989	523,960	240,992
ODL	Outside Development Limits	0	0	3,288	*
QOA	Queens Office Area	0	525	0	*
BHA 01	Titanic Quarter	0	0	59,309	*
ROC	Rest Of City	0	717	34,250	*
ML 05	Seymour Industrial Estate	0	0	0	3,598
BT 005/14	Glen Road	0	0	20	*
BT 005/24	Andrews Mill, Divis Street	0	0	0	*
BT 005/06	Cambrai Street	0	0	310	*
BT 005/26	Conway Street	0	0	0	*
BT 005/16	Whiterock Industrial Estate, Springfield Road	0	0	13,177	6,652
BT 005/23	Louden Street/Townsend Street	0	0	0	*
BT 005/03	East Belfast Enterprise Park	0	0	0	*
BT 005/22	Agnes Street Industrial Estate	0	0	456	*
BT 005/18	Springfield Road	0	0	3,121	5,107
BT 005/01	Newtownards Road/Tamar Steet	0	0	0	*
BT 005/21	Argyle Business Park, Shankill Road	0	0	0	*
BT 005/02	Island Street/Ballymacarrett Road	0	0	0	331
MCH 11	Ballygowan Road	0	0	0	*
BT 005/12	Stockmans Way	0	0	283	*

^{*}includes extant permissions and sites where development is on-going

^{**} vacant land suitable for employment use in existing employment locations

Table 5: Completions (losses) and remaining potential losses by location

			Completed losses (m2)						
Ref No	Location	01-04-2024 to 31-03-2025	01-04-2023 to 31-03-2024	01-04-2022 to 31-03-2023	01-04-2021 to 31-03- 2022	Remaining commitments at 31-03-2025			
CC	City Centre	0	1,529	3,320	4,898	63,760			
ML 08	Kilwee Industrial Estate, Dunmurry	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/05	Hillview Road	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/19	Ballygomartin Industrial Estate, Ballygomartin Road	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/10	Glenbank Business Park, Crumlin Road	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/25	North Howard Link	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/15	Kennedy Way	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/04	Castlereagh Road	0	0	0	0	0			
MCH 09	Prince Regent Road	0	0	0	0	0			
ML 07	Springbank Industrial Estate	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/13	Ravenhill Business Park	0	0	0	0	93			
BT 005/09	Shore Road/Skegioneill Street	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 004	Land At Springfield Road (Former Mackie's Site)	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/11	Donegall Road	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/08	Duncairn Gardens	0	0	0	0	0			
BHA 06	Belfast Harbour	0	0	0	0	0			
BT 005/17	Westlink Enterprise Centre, Distillery Street	0	0	0	0	0			
MCH 10	Montgomery Road	2,531	0	0	0	3,237			

BT 005/20	Lanark Way	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/07	York Road Including Jennymount Business Park	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/12	Stockmans Way	0	0	0	0	239
MCH 11	Ballygowan Road	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/02	Island Street/Ballymacarrett Road	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/21	Argyle Business Park, Shankill Road	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/01	Newtownards Road/Tamar Steet	0	0	0	0	956
BT 005/18	Springfield Road	0	0	0	0	4,429
BT 005/22	Agnes Street Industrial Estate	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/03	East Belfast Enterprise Park	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/23	Louden Street/Townsend Street	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/16	Whiterock Industrial Estate, Springfield Road	0	0	0	0	271
BT 005/26	Conway Street	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/06	Cambrai Street	0	0	0	0	12,497
BT 005/24	Andrews Mill, Divis Street	0	0	0	0	0
BT 005/14	Glen Road	0	0	0	0	148
ML 05	Seymour Industrial Estate	0	0	0	0	0
QOA	Queens Office Area	0	0		0	196
ROC	Rest of City	603	928	506	0	20,228
	Total	3,134	2,457	3,826	4,898	106,054

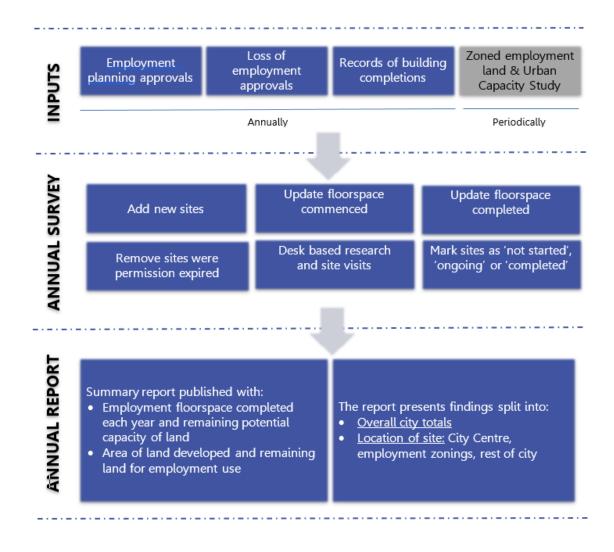
Table 6: Mixed use sites remaining yield/capacity

ZONING REFERENCE	LOCATION	EMPLOYMENT YIELD
вна 05	North Foreshore	38,140
BT 003	Land At Crumlin Road Including Girdwood Barracks	20,000
BT 002	Land At Monagh Bypass / Upper Springfield Road	4,030
вна 01	Titanic Quarter	62,989
	TOTAL	125,159

Appendix A: Summary Methodology

The employment land monitor measures net gains and losses in employment floorspace within the Belfast City Council area. It provides a snapshot of the amount of land available for employment as of 1st April each year. The Monitor demonstrates the presence of an adequate and continuous supply of employment land in the city and provides evidence to inform the preparation of the Local Development Plan and to make planning decisions. The Monitor presents a register of potential employment land, based on current planning policy designations and planning permissions, rather than an accurate picture of viable employment land.

An Urban Capacity Study will be undertaken from time to time to assess the suitability, availability and achievability of monitored sites to ensure the land required to facilitate the required jobs growth over the plan period is met. An Urban Capacity Study for Belfast was published in March 2018. (https://www.belfastcity.gov.uk/getmedia/3794156e-b2b5-4437-ab36-2f13f2f4f742/DPS028 Evi-05.pdf)



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